Future Planning for a Better Newton

Waban and Highlands Area Councils

January 21, 2016

Chris Pitts VP WAC Srdjan Nedeljkovic Pres NHNAC

Purpose of This Meeting

To begin to the process of facilitating residents' crafting of an authentic prescriptive document with their vision of:

- Village Centers and Commercial Zones (SF)
- Transportation and Mobility (SN)
- Housing: Density, Openspace/Greenspace, Diversity, Affordable/Attainable Homes/Units (CBP)
- Residential: Historic Preservation, Design, Lot Size, (RG)

Review of Previous Village Planning

Brainstorm Topics:

- Community trust, Village Center, community buildings, retail, historical preservation, housing diverse city, multi units
- Aging in place, emergency services, low income services
- green space, trees preservation and maintenance, River access, Parkland improvement
- Transportation, traffic, parking, sidewalks, bike lanes, street maintenance, signage, streetlights, ADA compliance, streetscapes,
- Sustainability, zero carbon, climate adaptation, recycling, gas leaks, flooding, power outages, infrastructure
- Community building, intergenerational gathering, tree lights, adult learning, art, recreation, sports facilities, library, pets
- Political engagement, town hall meetings, communication technologies
- Community assets: library, hospital, churches, schools, playgrounds, trails, triangles, pocket parks

Streets, Parking and Traffic

- GOALS: Create safest possible environment for pedestrians, bikes, and drivers. Walkability accessibility for all people ALL AGES for all seasons. Keep parking available in Waban Center.
- THREATS: Speeding traffic, Increased traffic, Lack of continuity for sidewalks, trash, More cars per home, Non Resident cut-through traffic, increased number of parking spaces

Sustainability

- Solar options home panels and community investment groups
- home energy audits
- climate change preparedness flooding
- electric autos
- alternative energy sources

Wabanareacouncil.com information

Housing

GOALS:

- Preserving important homes and landmarks
- Allowing for economic diversity
- Preserving key features of Waban
- Identifying best method and placement for future growth (commercial/other)
- Preserve single family homes. Create and/or make available affordable housing HOW:
- Recognizing existing stock and identify unique styles through survey and research
 - Historical background and significance: Presentation from Historian Alice Ingerson on website
- Preserving existing homes what can be done?
 - Historic Landmarking criteria for National Register: places associated with ... the broad patterns of our history, places that generate a strong positive reaction from the community for reasons of the heart
- Historic District
- Community Investment Group/Land Trust: Purchase Landmarks to preserve and control future. Potential to purchase and make available properties, preserving assets
- Influencing the Newton Consolidated Plan and Zoning Code to ensure that funding and policies are available to implement these priorities
- Understanding the Impacts of Density

Community Building

GOALS: Add events that supplement WIS activities for Multi generational HOW:

- New Angier facilities open to community for rental, family Sunday nights, meetings, events, etc
- Waban Library Center
- Windsor Club
- History of Waban, the more we know, the more we can celebrate and appreciate
- Skating takes maintenance and prep but can be done
- Opening up Quinobequin for community party
- Soup Social
- Outdoor Movies and Concerts (Angier field, Warren Lincoln Park)
- Animal Show/Parade
- Caring Community schedule to create year round
- Newton at Home Beacon Hill type organization
- Praying Natick Indians event

Population

3.72%

4.85%

11.61%



Newton, MA Massachusetts U.S.

Growth is low in Massachusetts

ranked 41st in growth in USA

- Newton is 11th most populated city in state
- 3.72% population growth since 2000 = 0.23%@yr

Source: USA.com/US Census

Density

Population Density, #18

Newton, MA 4,786.57 per square mile Massachusetts 630.76 per square mile U.S. 82.73 per square mile

- Density rank #18 in state
- much higher than state average of 630.76 people per square mile
- much higher than national average of 82.73 people per square mile
- Half as dense as Brookline, twice as dense as Dedham

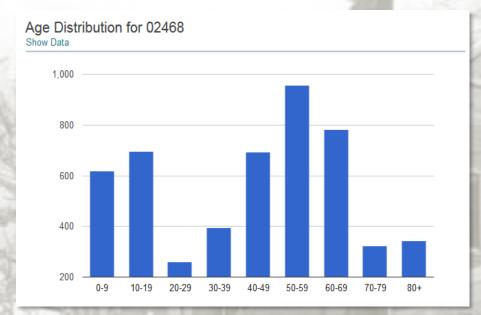
Source: census.gov & usa.com

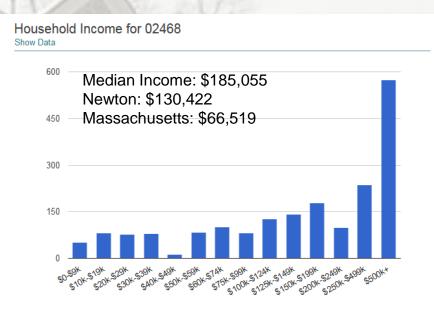
Newton Population Shifts

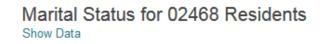
Age	Year 2000	Year 2010	diff
Under 5 years	4,401	4497	96
5 to 9 years	5,014	5290	276
10 to 14 years	5,267	5336	69
15 to 19 years	6,653	8017	1364
20 to 24 years	5,133	5594	461
25 to 34 years	10,809	8268	-2541
35 to 44 years	12,823	10755	-2068
45 to 54 years	13,400	12621	-779
55 to 64 years	7,689	11789	4100
65 to 74 years	5,918	6197	279
75 to 84	4,667	4294	-373
85 years and over	2,055	2488	433

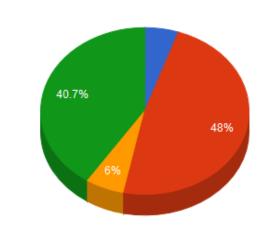
Source: US Census

Waban











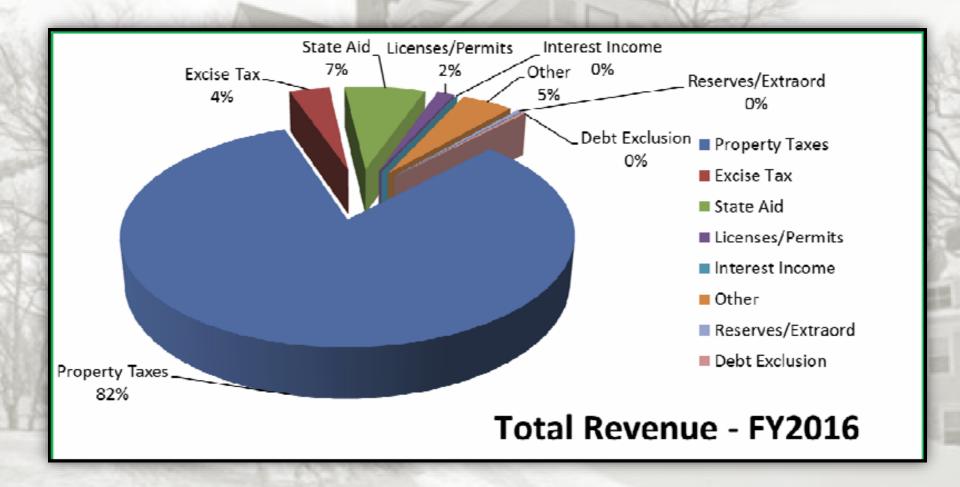
Source: Realtor.com

Newton Taxes

- 2016 Residential Tax Rate \$11.38 per thousand of assessed value example 1M = \$11,380
- 2016 Commercial Tax Rate \$21.94 per thousand of assessed value example 1M = \$21,940
- Overrides are permanent
- School costs \$17,000 per student

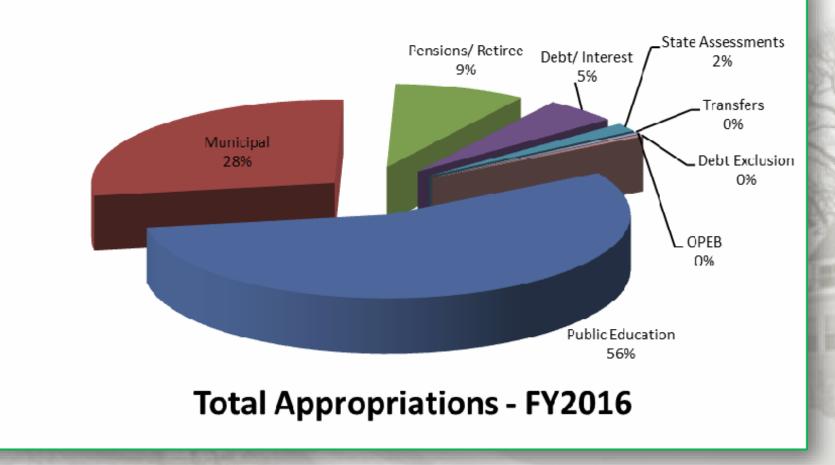
Source: census.gov & usa.com

Where Newton gets its \$362M



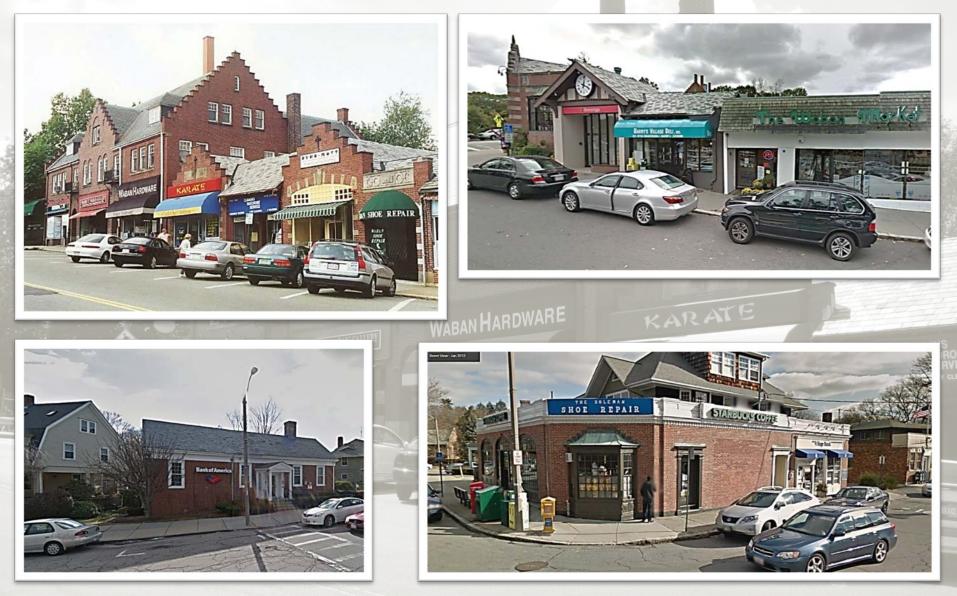
Source: 2016 Newton Budget

How Newton Spends its \$362M



Source: 2016 Newton Budget

Commercial Center



Peck Property Staples-Craft Farmhouse





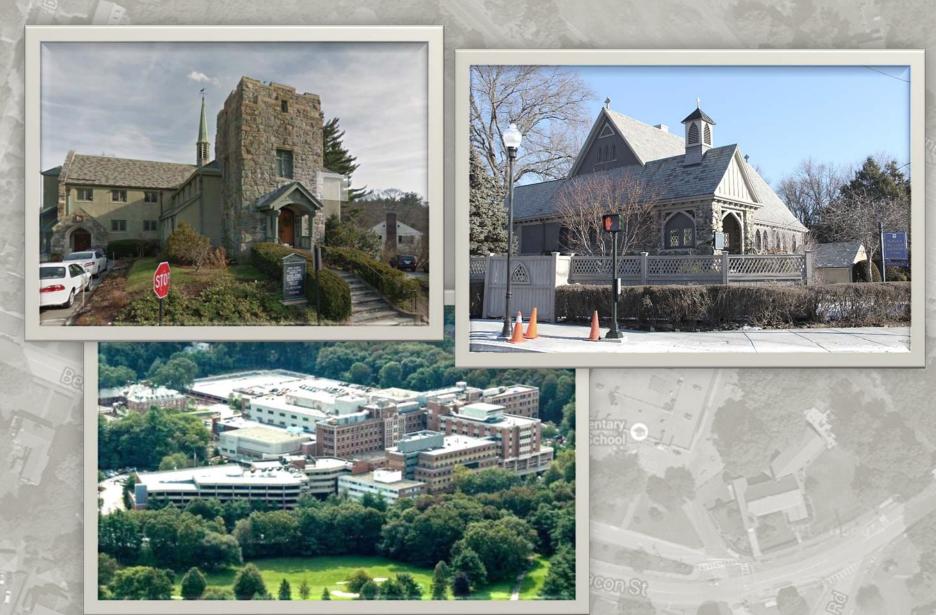
St. Philip Neri Church

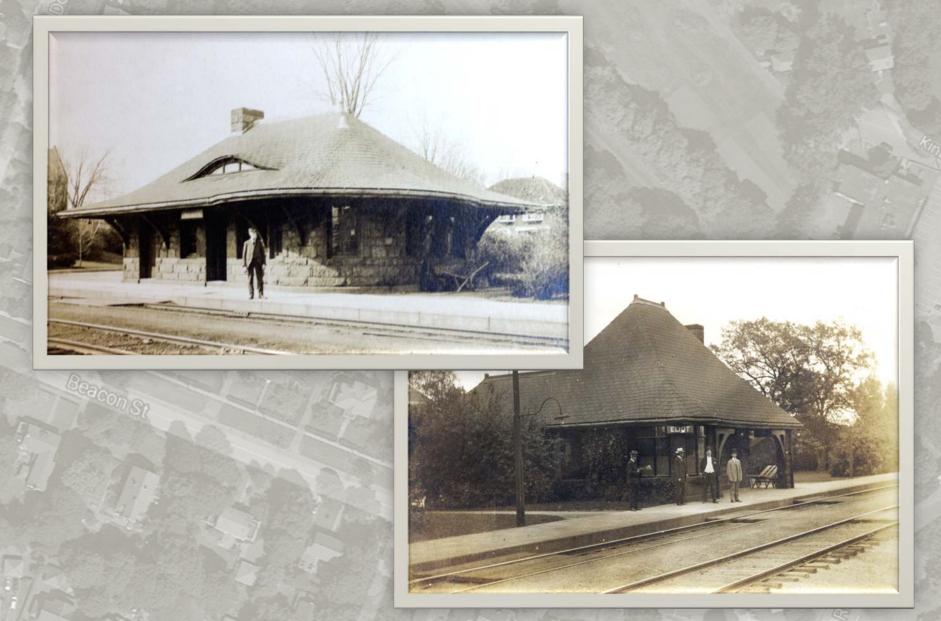
Windsor Club





Waban Library Center





Angier & Zervas





Open & Green Spaces







Cochituate Aqueduct

Pocket Parks and Triangles







Playgrounds



Warren Lincoln









Future Planning for a Better Newton

Brought to you by: NHNAC & WAC

The "Ideal Village" of Newton Highlands

Presented by Srdjan S. Nedeljkovic January 21, 2016



Future Planning for a Better Newton: Newton Highlands

Landscape Inventory

The Village Center

Other Commercial Areas

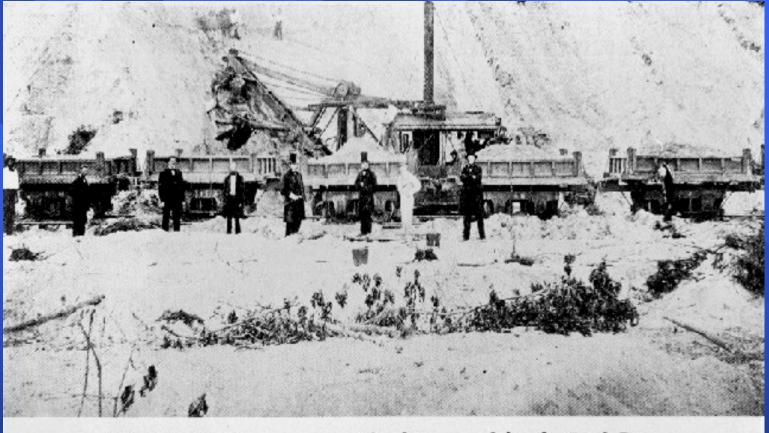
Crystal Lake and Open Space

Our Residential Neighborhoods

Visions of the future

Newton Highlands: General History

- Much of Newton Highlands was part of a land grant in 1634 to a wealthy English landowner, John Haynes
- Was governor of colony, died in Connecticut in 1654
- Land went to heirs, not sold for 2-3 generations
- Two highways served area: north-south Dedham Road (now Centre Street) and east-west Sherborn Road
- As late as the 1870's, fewer than 20 families lived in the area



John Souther's steam shovel loading gravel for the Back Bay

The Charles River Railroad and the filling of the Back Bay Two new inventions: railroad + steam shovel = Back Bay



The Village Center, 1890's



Rail service from Highlands to Upper Falls was successful

Heavy freight tonnage Brisk passenger service

Commuters to factories at Upper Falls and knitting mills in Needham

Newton Highlands Depot (1887)

Commissioned to HH Richardson, built by firm Shepley, Rutan, Coolidge after Richardson's death

NH – Upper Falls: 5¢ NUF - Boston: 25¢



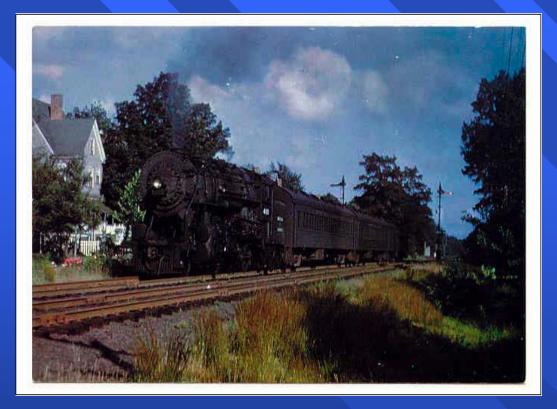
Eliot Station in Newton Highlands

On Lincoln Street side of railroad

Station located on western side of current parking lot

Eliot Station in Newton Highlands (1907)

Station demolished for parking lot in mid-1900's



Train Service in Newton Highlands (1948)

Service began to run from NUF through Needham to Boston (1911)

Promoted to develop Needham

Passenger service at NUF depot ended in 1927

Freight service prospere Spur across Needham S built in 1953



Conversion of steam railroad to electric Riverside Branch (photo taken March, 1959)



Rail passenger service diminished after World War II

Last locomotives ran along Circuit Railroad on May 31, 1958

Riverside Branch opens in 1959 Electric trolleys began Service July 4, 1959

Ridarchin



Initially ran from Upper Falls to Newtonville (1892)

Extended lines to Watertown (1897) and Needham (1906)

Buses replaced streetcar in 1926

Streetcars in Newton Highlands MBTA route 32 (1964) MBTA route 532 (1972) MBTA route 59 (1982)



Street railway granted franchise to operate (1901) on Boylston Street

Conditions: must construct boulevard 90 ft wide, pay \$15,000 damages, operate streetlights

Electric express service (1903) Ran freight service (1912-192)

Boston & Worcester RailwaySpeeds 1 mile/minute !

Last streetcar to Framingham made the trip on June 10, 193





Route 9: 100 years 1900 - 2000







The Village Center, 1930's



Aerial View of Newton Highlands, 1947

Newton Highlands Commercial Centers



Diverse set of commercial and retail centers:

Village Center

Needham Street corridor

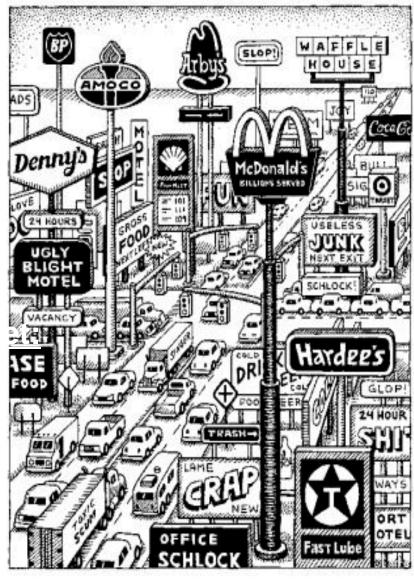
Four Corners

Eliot and Woodward



The Problems of Needham Stre

Congested and polluted Hostile to pedestrians Poor access to businesses Multiple safety concerns Aesthetically repulsive Barrier between neighborhoods









Developed, Owned and Managed by Bierbrier Development, Inc.

Needham Street Village Shops (Built and opened in 2014)

Newton Highlands Open Space and Recreation





Hyde Playground is a focal point

Crystal Lake: bathing, walking, fishing, and ice skating

Newton Highlands Playground: sports

Cold Spring Park

Sudbury and Cochituate Aqueducts





•Acquired in 1894

•"Great Pond" Over 10 acres State owned

•Accessed on three sides

•Elevation 149 ft

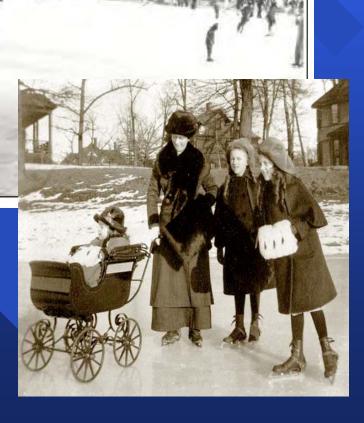
•18 direct abutters and Norwood Ave complex

•Drains into the Charles River



Swimming in Crystal Lake, c. 2000's

Skating on Crystal Lake





Sudbury Aqueduct

Built in 1870's to bring water to Boston - 16 miles in length

Water transported from Sudbury River to Chestnut Hill Reservoir

Part of Dept. of Conservation and Recreation system

Now used as a walking trail



The Hyde Community Center

The Hyde Community Center - opened in 1988 after the Hyde School closed in 1984

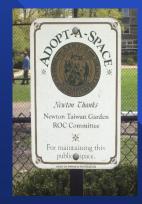
Self-supporting non-profit organization

Movie nights and dances Winter Social Basketball and volleyball Speakers' Series Band nights Halloween haunted house Exercise and meditation



The Taiwan Garden at the Cultural Center of Taipei





The Cultural Center of Taipei Economic and Cultural Office in Boston

Established in 1991 in Chinatown, Boston

Relocated to Hyde Center in 2007

Computer room, multiple use auditorium, library

Liaison for overseas business, education, and promotion of





Ice Skating at the Hyde Playground (starting 2010)



Newton Highlands - Heritage Landscapes From the Reconnaissance Report (April 30, 2009) What are valued landscapes in Newton Highlands

- South Parish Burying Ground (1802): 1.4 acres, also known as the Winchester Street Burying Ground
- Newton Highlands branch library (1886): Louis Brigham House (restored in 2009 using CPA funds)
- Hyde School (1907, Neo-classical)
- Newton Highlands Playground (? Not on list)

Newton Highlands - Heritage Landscapes From the Reconnaissance Report (April 30, 2009) What are valued landscapes in Newton Highlands

- Charles River Railroad right-of-way
- Cold Spring Park (66.7 acres, 60% wooded):
 Old Cold Spring Park accessed from Duncklee Road
- Hope Fountain and Officer English Garden
- Lincoln Street, Station St., NH Railroad Station (1887)
- Crystal Lake (beach, bathhouse)

Newton Highlands Residential Neighborhoods

Gamut of styles: 1600s to 2000s



1600's: Colonial neo-Jacobi

1800's: Italianate, Gothic, Queen Anne, Shingle Style, Richardson Romanesque

1900's: Colonial Revival, Ca Cod, Ranch, Tudor, Dutch Colonial

2000's: Neo-traditional, Contemporary





Newton Highlands, near Eliot station, 1890's



Located at 44 and 74 Erie Ave. and 93 Bowdoin St.

Walker built 1/3 of the 66 houses built in the Highlands between 1871 and 1874

Italianate and Mansard Styles, some hipped

Ornament applied sparingly, brackets at eaves, cornices over windows, sidelights

Stick style with clipped gables at 44 Erie, gable window originally round



Samuel A. Walker houses





The Future of Newton Highlands:

A process of incremental change

5 Bellingham Street





240 Plymouth (2007)

The Future of Newton Highlands: *A process of incremental change*



240 Plymouth (2009)



157 Dickerman (2008)

The Future of Newton Highlands: *From plan to reality*





157 Dickerman (2009)





148 Dickerman (2007) The Future of Newton Highlands: A process of dramatic change



148 Dickerman (2009)





21 Endicott Street (2005)

The Future of Newton Highlands: *Neo-Traditionalism*

99 Lincoln Street (2003)



73 Wood End Road (2001)



The Future of Newton Highlands: *An Occasional Exercise in Non-traditionalism*

02)

1094 Walnut Street (2004)

89 Forest Street (2002)





The Future of Newton Highlands:

Are we saving history -Or destroying it?

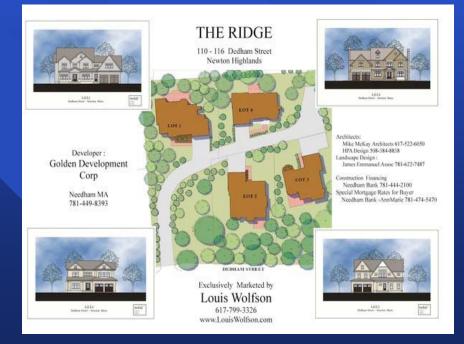
112-116 Dedham Street







The Future of
Newton Highlands:A new development
emerges112-116 Dedham Street
April, 2013







The Future of Newton Highlands:

Houses are getting bigger

295 Upland Avenue April, 2013







The Future of Newton Highlands:

Two empty lots become one house

12 Nantucket Road April, 2013



The Future of Newton - Vision and Goals:

Pedestrian-friendly streets connecting neighborhoods with enhanced public transit

- Vibrant village and commercial centers
- Vital suburban and residential environments
- Changes that are consistent with community character and historic resources

Newton Highlands - The Future

Can we envision growth within the historical context of Newton's villages?

- Can we solve problems of housing in our villages and business centers?
- Can we improve transportation and mobility and create pedestrian-oriented streetscapes?
- Can we create places we can be proud of?



What Happens Next

7:50 - 8:20

•Group breakouts: Four groups moderated by Chris Pitts, Srdjan Nedeljkovic, Rena Getz, and Steven Feinstein

- Village centers and commercial zones
- Housing: affordable housing, density, chapter 40B
- Transportation and mobility
- Residential: historic preservation, design, lot size, etc

Each group moderated by one of the four facilitators.We will discuss Open Space and Recreation as part of the broader discussion

8:20 - 8:45 •Group presentations: 5 minutes each •Presentation of Breakout sessions: Chris Pitts, Srdjan Nedeljkovic, Rena Getz, and Steven Feinstein

8:45 - 9:15

Community engagement and discussion
Moderated by: Rena Getz and Steven Feinstein

9:15 - 9:30

Wrap-up, summary, and goals/instructions for next meeting
Presenters: Chris Pitts and Srdjan Nedeljkovic